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INDEX 'ADISCII, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHAS, BIOTECHAS, CARCELLIT, CAPULS, CEARA-VTB, CEM, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DISSABS, DDFF, DDFF, DGENE, DRUGS, DRUGMONOG2, ...' ENTERED AT 14:08:53 ON 12 APR 2004

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composition => s aprotinin (p) (t-PA or tissue (w) plasminogen (w) activator) (p)

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FILE DRUGU FILE ESBIOBASE FILE EMBASE

21

ü FILES 999 SEARCHED... FILE FOREGE FILE FROSTI FILE FSTA FILE FOMAD FILE FEDRIP

° ° FILE IFIPAT
FILE KOSMET
FILE MEDICONF

999 FILE PASCAL FILE NTIS

52 FILES SEARCHED...

FILE PHARMAML

FILE SCISEARCH
FILE USPATFULL
FILE WPIDS

FILE WPINDEX

13 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS,

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11 QUE APROTININ (P) (T-PA OR TISSUE (W) PLASMINOGEN (W) ACTIVATOR) (P) COMPO

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PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'APROTININ (P) 'PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'CTIVATOR) 'PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'CTIVATOR) 'PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'CTIVATOR) (P) COMPOSITI'PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'APROTININ (P)
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18 L1 NCT WIN => dup rem 12
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2
L3
14 DUP REM L2 NCT TAN L3 ic TI TI NCT CTWN NCT CTWN 11 AN ii V IC 1 **2** 5  $_{\rm TS}$ Ħ 답 ĭC ø, 13 orthotopic liver transplantation. The effect of aprotinin and the relate ischemia/reperfusion injury.

Aprotinin; Ischemia/reperfusion injury; Liver transplantation; Matrix Plasma MMP-2 and MMP-9 and their inhibitors TIMP-1 and TIMP-2 during human orthotopic liver transplantation. The effect of aprotinin and the relation ANSWER 2 OF 14 EMBAL COPYRIGHT 2004 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. ANSWER 1 OF 14 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 IFI on STN ANSWER 5 OF 14 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ANSWER 3 OF 14 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 2 metalloproteinases; Plasmin NCLM: 424450000 HYDROPHOBIC PREPARATIONS OF HYDROPHILIC SPECIES AND PROCESS FOR THEIR PREPARATION; ANHYDROUS; OPTICAL CLARITY; MACROMOLECULES NCLM: 530409000 10381108 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB PROCESS FOR PREPARING SCHIFF BASE ADDUCTS OF AMINES WITH O-HYDROXY NCLM: 530350000 METHODS 04009634 IFIPAT;IFIUDB;IFICDB
TISSUE INHIBITOR OF METALLOPROTEINASE TYPE THREE (TIMP-3) COMPOSITION NCLS: 530410000 ALDEHYDES AND COMPOSITIONS OF MATTER BASED THEREON NCLS: 435226000; 514012000; 530300000 ICS: A61K009-70; A61K031-715; A61K038-48; A61K039-395 ICM: C07K014-00 ICS: C07K014-00; C12N009-64 ICM: C07K001-00 trial 1-14 A61K051-00 424001110 424094640; 424130100; 424443000; 514002000; 514054000 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED) IFI on COMPOSITI' SIN DUPLICATE 1 AND 8

> NCLS: 264004100; 264004300; 424094300; 424812000; 514002000; 514003000; 514006000; 514008000; 514021000; 514044000; 514937000 A61K009-127

ICS: A61K038-00; A61K009-133

ic

ANSWER 6 OF 14 BIOTECHDS BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on

TAN L3

Novel synthetic fibrin-binding moiety, useful for detecting, imaging or localizing fibrin-containing clots by magnetic resonance imaging, radioimaging and for treating diseases involving thrombus formation e.g

for disease therapy fibrin-binding protein preparation by solid phase peptide synthesis

- G S Gene Expression Techniques and Analysis; DISBASE, Cancer; DISEASE, Cancer; DISEASE, Endocrine/Metabolic System; DISEASE, Endocrine/Metabolic System; DISEASE, Liver; DISEASE, Kidney; DISEASE, Autoimmune Disease; DISEASE, Other Diseases; DIAGNOSTICS, Molecular Diagnostics STRECOMBINANT FIBRIN-BINDING PROTEIN PREP., RECOMBINANT PHAGE-MEDIATED GENE TRANSFER, EXPRESSION IN HOST CELL, SOLID PHAGE PEPTIDE SYNTH., FLUORESCENT, ECHOGENIC, RADIOACTIVE, PARAMAGNETIC LABEL, CHELATOR, MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING, ELISA, PHAGE LIBRARY, DIA SEQUENCING, APPL. DEEP-VEIN THROMBOSIS, LUNG EMBOLISM, CARDIOGENIC THROMBOSIS, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, STROKE, HEART, KIDNEY, LIVER, LUNG, BRAIN HYPOXIA, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, STROKE, HEART, KIDNEY, LIVER, LUNG, BRAIN HYPOXIA, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, STROKE, HEART, KIDNEY, LIVER, LUNG, BRAIN HYPOXIA, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, STROKE, HEART, KIDNEY, LIVER, LONG, BRAIN HYPOXIA, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, STROKE, HEART, KIDNEY, LIVER, LONG, BRAIN HYPOXIA, LISCHEMIA, CANCER, DIABETIC RETUNDATIY, ATHEROSCLEROSIS, AUTOMMUNE DISEASE, INVLAMMATORY DISORDER THERAPY, DIAGNOSIS, DRUG SCREENING FLUORESCENCE ANALYSIS IMMUNOASSAY TUMOR DNA SEQUENCE PROTEIN SEQUENCE THERAPEUTICS, Protein Therapeutics; GENETIC TECHNIQUES and APPLICATIONS
- ANSWER 7 OF 14 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on STN
- 1 **2** 5 proliferation of endothelial cells, useful for stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells and in wound healing, coronary artery disease and critical limb ischemia; 2002-18792 BIOTECHDS
  Compound which inhibits binding of
  \*\*\*activator\*\*\* to endothelial \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* \*\*\*plasminogen\*\*\*

gene therapy recombinant protein production, drug screening and antibody useful for

З 6 Gene Expression Techniques and Analysis; PHARMACEUTICALS, Antibodies; DISEASE, Cancer; DISEASE, Autoimmune Disease; DISEASE, Cancer; DISEASE, Autoimmune Disease; DISEASE, Other Endocrine/Metabolic System; DISEASE, Cardiovascular; DISEASE, Other Diseases; THERAPEUTICS, Gene Therapy
RECOMBINANT KRINGLE-2 PROTEIN PREP., VECTOR-MEDIATED GENE TRANSFER, Protein Therapeutics; GENETIC TECHNIQUES and APPLICATIONS

EXPRESSION IN HOST CELL, \*\*\*TISSUE\*\*\* \*\*\*PLASMINOGEN\*\*\* \*\*\*ACTIVATOR\*\*\* , ENDOTHELIAL CELL BINDING INHIBITION, MONOCLONAL
ANTIBODY, DRUG SCHEMENING, APPL. VULNERARY, CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE,
CRITICAL LIMB ISCHEMENING, TUMOR, RHEUMATOLD ARTHRITIS, DIABETIC RETINOPATHY
THERAPY, GENE THERAPY DNA SEQUENCE PROTEIN SEQUENCE CYTOSTATIC
ANTIRHEUMATIC ANTIDIABETIC VASOTROPIC CARDIANT (21, 50) |

ANSWER 8 OF 14 WPIDS SGIGM COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

2001-182932 [81]

TI DNG

C2001-054613

Novel amide of bile salt which is conjugated to a biologically active substance useful for improving and/or increasing bioavailability of biologically active substance when administered orally or parenterally.

DNC PA CYC M C ic Dd CXC BNC WC ICI N N ANSWER 9 OF 14 W 2000-376312 [32] C2000-113747 ICM ICS CPI: ICS A61K038-16; A61K038-43; A61K038-46; A61K038-48; A61K047-42; A61P007-04; C07K014-745; C07K014-755; C07K014-81 A61F038:15, A61K038-37, A61F038:17, A61F038:40, A61F038:49, A61F038:57; A61F038:49; A61F038:49; A61F038:17; A61F038:17; A61F038:16; A61F038:37 CPI: B04 D16 ICM A61 4 5 Composition for treating blood coagulation disorders, particularly deficiency of von Willebrand factor, containing a receptor-binding deficiency of von Willebrand factor, co competitor to extend protein half-life. C070000-00; C07K014-595; C07K017-00
A61K038-04; A61K047-28; A61K047-48; C07K014-47; C07K014-575
B01-D02; B04-B04H; B04-C01A; B04-C01G; B04-C02; B04-E01; B04-G01;
B04-H06; B04-H07; B04-J01; B04-L01 B04-C01; B04-H19; B04-N04; B14-F08; D05-C12; D05-H13; D05-H17 A61K038-36; A61K038-37 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT 2] WPIDS containing a receptor-binding on

13 出る 1998273360 on STN ANSWER 10 OF 14 ESBIOBASE Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2004 Elsevier Science B.V.

2 Platelets and soluble fibrin promote plasminogen activation causing downregulation of platelet glycoprotein  ${\tt Ib/IX}$  complexes: Protection 82.12 \*\*\*aprotinin\*\*\* .2.3 PROTEIN BIOCHEMISTRY: OTHER PROTEINS: Non-Haem Blood γď

Platelet proteins
89.1.1.3 CELL AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY: MEMBRANES AND CELL TRANSPORT:
Cell Surface and Plasma Membrane: Proteins and glycoproteins
89.4.1.1 CELL AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY: EXTRACELLULAR MATRIX (STRUCTURE
AND FUNCTION): Extracellular Matrix: Structure and \*\*\*\*composition\*\*\*
89.5.1.2 CELL AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY: CELL TYPES AND BIOLOGY: Cell Types: Blood cells

Cardiopulmonary bypass Platelets; Soluble fibrin; Fibrinolysis; Glycoprotein Ib/IX; Hemostasis;

TS

3125 ANSWER 11 OF 14 BIOTECHNO COPYRIGHT 2004 Elsevier Science B.V. on 1995:25266927 BIOTECHNO

\*coronary artery thrombosis; \*fibringsis; thrinogen receptor;

\*\*\*aprotinin\*\*\* ; glycoprotein ib: glycoprotein\*\*\* Fibrinolysis inhibits shear stress-induced platelet aggregation \*alteplase; \* \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* \*\*\*plasminogen\*\*\* \*\*\*activator\*\*\*;

\*\*\*aprotinin\*\*\*; glycoprotein ib; glycoprotein iib; glycoprotein iiia; plasmin; prostacyclin; von willebrand factor; article; controlled study; coronary artery blood flow; dose response; drug mechanism; human; human cell; plasminogen activation; priority journal; shear stress; thrombocyte

ANSWER 12 OF 14 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 IFI on STN 02354886 IFIPAT;IFIUDB;IFICDB

II AN

PHOSPHOLIPID; CHOLESTEROL; SURFACTANT; ERYTHROPOIETIN, INSULIN; LIQUID ORAL COMPOSITIONS OF PROTEINACEOUS MEDICAMENTS; PROTEASE INHIBITOR;

> ## E3 NCL G SIRE H S  $^{\circ}$ [03] [02] [01] 18 Hematological
> 73 Trial Preparations
> 73 Trial Preparations
> 73 Trial Preparations
> 74 Trial Preparations
> 75 Trial Preparations
> 76 THROMEOUS \*FT; FIBRIN \*RC; PLASMINOGEN \*RC; IN-VITRO \*FT; HUMAN \*FT;
> 76 THROMEOUS \*FT; THROMEOUS \*FT; DOING-LABELED \*FT; THROMEOLYTIC \*FT;
> 76 THROMEOUS \*FT; BLOOD-CLOTTING-FACTOR \*FT
> 76 TRIAL \*FT; BLOOD-CLOTTING-FACTOR \*FT;
> 76 TRIAL \*FT; ENZYMES \*FT; EC-0.0.0.0.0 \*FT; J CELL CULTURE; J1 Animal Cell Culture; D PHARMACEUTICALS; D5 Other Pharmaceuticals; A MICROBIOLOGY; A1 Genetics
> RECOMBINANT \*\*\*\*TISSUE\*\*\* \*\*\*PLASMINOGEN\*\*\* - \*\*\*ACTIVATOR\*\*\*
> REP., CL27 CELL CULTURE, HARVEST CULTURE MEDIUM, PROTEIN HYDROLYZATE
> EFFECT ON YIELD, ETC. THROMBOLYTIC ENZYME PROTEASE MOUSE MAMMAL NCLS: 424455000; 424463000; 424474000; 424490000 ICM: A61K009-10 ICS: A61K037-02; A61K009-48; A61K009-66 of recombinant tissue-type plasminogen-activator species; produced by mouse recombinant C127 fibroblast cell line TRC 310 or TRC LIPID SOLVENT Evidence for the Progressive Uptake of APSAC by Human Clots In Vitro. FIBROBLAST Effect of harvest medium \*\*\*composition\*\*\* 1987-31980 DRUGU ANSWER 14 OF 14 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN ANSWER 13 OF 14 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on STN BRL-26921 \*PH; THROMBOLYTICS \*FT; ENZYMES \*FT; EC-0.0.0.0 \*FT; TRIAL-PREP. \*FT; BRL-26921 \*RN; PH \*FT
> UROKINASE \*PH; THROMBOLYTICS \*FT; ENZYMES \*FT; EC-3.4.21.31 \*FT; UROKINASE \*RN; PH \*FT
> STREPTOKINASE \*RN; PH \*FT
> STREPTOKINASE \*PH; THROMBOLYTICS \*FT; ENZYMES \*FT; EC-0.0.0.0 \*FT; STREPTOKI \*RN; PH \*FT 514003000 on yield and chain nature

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ľ d 13 7, 9, 11 bib

I A L3 ANSWER 7 OF 14 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT/ISI on STN

proliferation of endothelial cells and in wound healing, coronary artery disease and critical limb ischemia; Compound which inhibits binding of \*\*\*activator\*\*\* to endothelial cells, useful for stimulating \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* \*\*\*plasminogen\*\*\*

gene therapy recombinant protein production, drug screening and antibody useful for

CARROLL V; HARRIS A; BICKNELL R; PRICE P ISIS INNOVATION LTD

WO 2002043747 6 Jun 2002 WO 2000-GB5244 28 Nov 2000

GB 2000-29001 28 Nov 2000

AU PA PI AI PRAI DT LA OS English WPI: 2002-508478 [54]

useful DEWENT ABSTRACT:
DEWENT - A compound (I) which inhibits binding of \*\*\*tissue\*
\*\*\*\*nlagminogen\*\*\* \*\*\*activator\*\*\* (tPA) to endothelial \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* cells

for stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) a kringle 2 domain (II) of tPA or its variant for reducing endothelial cell proliferation or inducing cell death; (2) a combination (III) of (1) and a tPA or its fragment comprising the finger domain or (III) of (1) and a tPA or its fragment comprising the finger domain or reducing endothelial cell proliferation or inducing cell death; (4) a polynucleotide (V) encoding (II) and comprising a 246 base pair sequence, given in the specification, or its variant for reducing endothelial cell proliferation or inducing cell death; and (5) an expression vector (VI) its variant for simultaneous or sequential administration for stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells; (3) a combination (IV) of (I) and a compound which inhibits binding of the finger domain of tPA to comprising (V) endothelial cells, for simultaneous or sequential administration for

sequence of nucleotides that hybridizes to the coding sequence or complement of coding sequence of 527 amino acids defined in the specification, and to (S1); (2) antibodies specific for (II), useful for detecting (II); and (3)

\*\*\*composition\*\*\* for stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells by modulating the effect of (II) on endothelial WIDER DISCLOSURE - (1) polynucleotide comprising a contiguous useful for

BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Compound: (I) comprises an anti-kringle 2

ACTIVITY - Anti-tumor; Antirheumatic; Antiarthritic; Antidiabetic;

Vulnerary; Vasotropic; Cardiant.
MECHANISM OF ACTION - Inhibitor of binding of (II) to endothelial cells; modulator of cell growth; gene therapy. No biological data is

(I) and (III) are useful in wound healing, coronary artery disease and critical limb ischemia. (II) is useful for identifying a substance which an stimulates proliferation of endothelial cells, by incubating (II) with an endothelial cell membrane in the presence of a test substance, monitoring for binding of the kringle 2 domain to the endothelial cell membrane, and determining whether the test substance is useful in stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells, and further formulating the test substance identified as stimulating proliferation of endothelial cells with a carrier. (II) and (IV) are useful for reducing endothelial cell proliferation or inducing cell death. (II), (IV), and (VI) are useful proliferation or inducing cell death. proliferation or inducing cell death. (II), (IV), (V) and (VI) are useful for treating solid tumors, rheumatoid arthritis and diabetic retinopathy. (All claimed). (V) is useful in recombinant protein synthesis and as with tPA or its fragment comprising finger domain of tPA or its variant. The method comprises contacting the cells with (I) and further

(All claimed). (V) is useful in recombinant protein synthesis and as therapeutic agents used in gene therapy techniques.

ADMINISTRATION - The inhibitor of (II) is administered at a dose of 0.1-50 mg/kg, preferably 5 mg/kg-2 g/kg, and the nucleic acid at a dose of 1 pg-1 mg, preferably 10 micro-g-1 g, by enteral, topical, oral, buccal, anal, intraperitoneal route. pulmonary, intravenous, intraarterial, intramuscular or of.

EXAMPLE - The effect of anti-kringle 2 antibody on endothelial cell

cells (HVSMC) even though these cells also secrete endogenous tpA. HUVEC cultures were stimulated to proliferate with anti-K2 antibody with the simultaneous addition of antibodies directed to finger/EGF-like, kringle 1 or protease domains of tpA. An anti-finger/EGF monoclonal antibody dose-dependently inhibited HUVEC proliferation induced by anti-K2 antibody. Neither an anti-K1 antibody nor an antibody that inhibited the catalytic activity of tpA blocked the increase in cell growth. In or the protease domains of tPA did not have similar effects on HUVEC growth. Anti-K2 induced HUVEC proliferation was specific for EC cultures as no effect of the antibody was observed on human vascular smooth muscle (EC) proliferation was determined. Human umbilical vein endothelial cell (HUVEC) were incubated with a panel of monoclonal antibodies directed against the individual domains of \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* \*\*plasminogen\*\*\* (†PA) in the presence of 2 % fetal bovine serum (FBS) but no other EC growth factors. An antibody that recognized the kringle 2 (KZ) domain of tPA (7VPA) caused a dose dependent increase in EC proliferation which was determined colorimetrically. A 4-fold increase in addition, the plasmid inhibitor, \*\*\*aprotinin\*\*\* blocked anti-kri 2 induced EC proliferation. These data suggested that binding K2, tPA mediated EC growth was not dependent on plasmin generation, but on a HUVEC growth was observed at 500 microg/ml, the highest concentration of antibody used which was statistically significant as compared with the lowest concentration of antibody used. Similar results were obtained when cell numbers were counted directly after adding 7VPA to HUVEC. Antibodies directed to the finger/epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like, kringle 1 (K1) region of tPA located within the finger or EGF-like domains.(48 pages) blocked anti-kringle

ANSWER 9 OF 14 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2000-376312 [32] WPIDS

DNG AN LS

PRAT AB PH CYC PA IN ï TOT Ä IC 91

[ WO 2000027425 A2 20000518 (200032)\* DE 19:

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH

OA PT SD SE SI SZ TZ UG ZW

W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB GB RB Y CA

FI GB GB GE GH GH RH UI DI LI NI SI

LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MM MX NO NZ

TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA

AU 2000012527 A 20000529 (200041)

EP 1128841 A2 20010905 (200151) DE

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR on WO 2000027425
AT 1998-1873
F1 200017425 A UPAB: 20001128
WO 200027425 A UPAB: 20001128
NOVELTY - Pharmaceutical \*\*\*co AT 9801873 A 20011215 (200208)
AT 409335 B 20020615 (200248)
JP 2002252424 W 20020910 (200274)
WO 200027425 A2 WO 1999-ATZ71 19991110; AU 2000012527 A AU 2000-12527
19991110; EP 1128841 A2 EP 1999-95585 19991110, WO 1999-ATZ71 19991110; AT 9801873 A AT 1998-1873 19981110; AT 409335 B AT 1998-1873 19981110; JF 2000-880654 19991110
2002529424 WO 1999-ATZ71 19991110, JP 2000-880654 19991110
AU 2000015527 A Based on WO 2000027425; EP 1128841 A2 Based on WO 2000027425; AT 409335 B Previous Publ. AT 9801873; JP 2002529424 W Based (ii) increasing the biological half-life of a protein.
ACTIVITY - Antihemophilic; procoagulant.
MECHANISM OF ACTION - (II) is an in vivo stabilizer of (I) since it blocks the receptor involved in clearance and internalization of (I).
USE - (A), also compositions containing only an LRP-ligand (LRP = Composition for treating blood coagulation disorders, particularly deficiency of von Willebrand factor, containing a receptor-binding competitor to extend protein half-life. lipoprotein receptor-related protein), are used:

(i) to treat patients with a phenotypic defect of a blood coagulation factor, especially von Willebrand factor (VWF); and

(ii) to extend the biological half-life of a protein in vivo protein) for:
(i) treatment of phenotypic coagulation factor deficiency; (especially of factor VIII). ADVANTAGE - In (A), (I) has increased biological half-life, i.e. the following: BINDER, B; SCHWARZ, (IMMO) IMMUNO AG; (BAXT) BAXTER AG \*\*\*tissue\*\*\* (1) combined preparation (B) of \*\*\*aprotinin\*\*\* and \*tissue\*\*\* \*\*\*plasminogen\*\*\* \*\*\*activator\*\*\* (tPA); and (2) use of an LRP-ligand (III) (LRP = lipoprotein receptor-related (i) at least one pro-protein (I) of coagulation; and(ii) a receptor-binding competitor (II) that does not affect the AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES RO SE SI \*\*\*composition\*\*\* Y CA CH CN £ GR IE IT LI ен ем 19ф (A) for treating disorders ନ୍ଥ 8 8 8 ΙE 2 <del>2</del> 2 LT LU LV MC MK NL H S & C Ä SE KZ ST SG Ę SIKB S 윉당 3 ΤĀ ST Z Ą

> AB CY CY so S ATT NA protectyses GP Ib and plasma vWf. Methods and Results: Because these effects could mitigate shear stress-induced platelet aggregation, we investigated the effect of fibrinolytic agents on platelet aggregation in response to a pathological shear stress of 120 dynes/cm.sup.2 generated by a cone-and-platen rotational viscometer. Plasmin inhibited shear stress-induced aggregation of washed platelets, and this was associated with a decrease in GP Ib. TPA, at concentrations >= 2000 IU/mL, significantly inhibited shear stress-induced platelet aggregation of plasma-platelet mixing experiments, we determined that the TPA effect was localized to plasma. Purified vWf multimer degradation by TPA (in the presence of exogenous plasminogen) was associated with the loss of the capacity of vWf to support shear stress-induced platelet aggregation in response to pathological shear stress by altering the multimeric \*\*\*composition\*\*\* of vWf. This effect of TPA on shear binding to platelet membrane glycoprotein (GP) Ib and GP IIb/IIIa. Tissue- type plasminogen activator (TPA) induces thrombolysis in coronary Background: Shear stress-induced platelet aggregation may initiate arterial thrombosis at sites of pathological blood flow. Shear stress-induced platelet aggregation is mediated by von Willebrand factor (vWf) Fibrinolysis inhibits shear stress-induced platelet aggregation Kamat S.G.; Michelson A.D.; Benoit S.E.; Moake J.L.; Rajasekhar D.; Hellums J.D.; Kroll M.H.; Schafer A.I. during acute coronary artery thrombosis. stress-induced platelet aggregation may contribute, along weight  ${f w}$ : arteries through the local generation of plasmin. Plasmin also CODEN: CIRCAZ ISSN: 0009-7322 English United States Journal; Article TX 77030, United States. Medical Service, Houston VA Medical Center, 2002 Holcombe Blvd,Houston, 1995:25266927 (1995), BIOTECHNO 92/6 (1399-1407) with blood flow

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:14:13 ON 12 APR 2004

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SINCE FILE ENTRY 18.48

TOTAL SESSION 37.42

L3

ANSWER 11 OF 14

BIOTECHNO

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content Dwg.0/2

and effect of endogenous or administered proteins are improved